








Year 8							
	1.Slavery	2.Industrialisation	3.Changing Lives	4.World War One	5.Witches	6.People Power	7.United Kingdom?
Enquiry	What was the impact of the Transatlantic slave trade?	What caused the Industrial Revolution?	Was the Victorian era an age of improvement?	What were the causes and consequences of World War One?	Why was there a witch craze in the 17th Century?	How do people bring about change when they don't have much power?	What's the history behind the Union Jack?
Learning sequence	<p>How was slavery ever justified?</p> <p>How did the Triangular Slave Trade operate?</p> <p>What did the slave code allow people to do?</p> <p>Were all plantation owners harsh?</p> <p>What was the impact of slavery on the Ashanti Empire and Britain?</p> <p>How successful were the abolitionists?</p> <p>What would the Akan drum say?</p>	<p>Why study the Industrial Revolution?</p> <p>What were the 3 main causes of the Industrial Revolution in Britain?</p> <p>How did transport developments support Industrialisation?</p> <p>Why did the population in Britain 'explode'?</p> <p>How did Britain feed itself?</p>	<p>How did National changes affect the life of one Huguenot in Suffolk?</p> <p>How can we get to the truth about 19th Century factory life?</p> <p>How did Jon Snow change established attitudes to health?</p> <p>Why did the changes during the Industrial Revolution lead to political reform?</p> <p>Why were some parents reluctant to send their children to school?</p> <p>What difference did a police force make?</p> <p>If Britain was the richest nation on earth, why was there poverty in Britain?</p>	<p>Did a sandwich really trigger WW1?</p> <p>How 'great' was the Great War?</p> <p>Did we learn the truth about the Western Front? Part1: Somme, Part 2: censorship</p> <p>How did WW1 change Britain?</p> <p>What is the impact of total war on Europe?</p> <p>How did WW1 end?</p> <p>What was the impact of the Treaty of Versailles?</p>	<p>Why did people believe in witches?</p> <p>'Anatomy of a witch-hunt': How did a typical witch-hunt come about?</p> <p>Were there more witches in our area than elsewhere?</p> <p>Why do historians disagree about the increase in witch hunts?</p> <p>Witch trials couldn't happen today could they?</p>	<p>Did Boudicca succeed in bringing about change?</p> <p>How successful was the Peasants' Revolt?</p> <p>Where the methods used by the Chartists successful?</p> <p>How powerful are cartoonists?</p> <p>What really brought about female suffrage in Britain?</p>	<p>Why isn't the Wesh dragon on the Union Jack?</p> <p>Who fought who at the Battle of Culloden?</p> <p>What did the Good Friday agreement achieve?</p>
Substantive concepts	Slavery, human rights, abolition, protest, subjugation, economic	Revolution, transportation, power sources, population, mortality, factory, mechanisation, urban, rural, enclosure,	Trade unions, political, reform, poverty, slums, public health, law enforcement, industrialists, police, law and order, local authority, evidence, scientific theory	Alliance, trigger event, censorship, morale, total war, treaty, media, home front	Intolerance, extremism, puritan, persecution, supernatural, witch trail, witch hunt, famine, historiography	Dissent, riot, petition, lobbying, Roman Empire, suffrage, voting, ballot, democracy, massacre, political cartoons, satire, looting, violent protest, non-violent protest, elections	Partition, flag, national, independent nation, union, devolved parliament, assembly, devolution, compromise, negotiation, referendum
Scope	World Depth Study 17 th -19 th Century	British 18 th -19 th Century	British 18 th -19 th Century thematic	British Depth Study 20 th Century	USA 17 th and 20 th Century, British, local 17 th Century	British local and national Thematic	UK 16 th – 21 st Century
Disciplinary knowledge focus	Consequence	Causation	Change and continuity	Consequence	Causation	Historical significance	Causation