








Year 7							
	1. Anglo-Saxons	2. Conquest	3. Empire	4. Medieval Clare	5. Queens	6. Church	7. Civil War
Enquiry	How did the Anglo-Saxons unify England?	Did the Normans bring a truck-load of trouble?	What is the legacy of the British Empire?	Was it all pongs, plague and peasants in Medieval Clare?	How should we remember England's Medieval Queens?	What happened when people challenged the church?	Why did England go to war with itself in 1642?
Learning sequence	When did this land become 'England'? How did Anglo-Saxon monarchs change England? How was England ruled in the 10 th Century?	Why was there a Norman invasion? How did the Normans keep control? How do you build 1000 castles? What changes did the Normans bring to Anglo-Saxon England? What is the legacy of the Norman Conquest today?	Why did Europe take over the world? Why go to the trouble of developing an empire? How did Britain maintain her empire? Who paid the price of the British Empire? The British Empire in 4 objects	How did everyday lives compare in Medieval Clare? What did Medieval Clare look like? Was your health your wealth in Medieval Clare? What was the impact of the Black Death in Clare? Did land mean power in Medieval Clare? What difference did the Clare Magna Carta barons make? How were crimes punished in Medieval Clare?	How successful was Matilda? Was Isabella right to rebel against her husband? What were Eleanor's greatest achievements?	What was the appeal of the Medieval church? How powerful was the Church? Henry v. Becket: who had the most power? How do we get to the truth about Becket's murder? Why go on crusade? What was the legacy of the Crusades? Why was Martin Luther angry? How did Tudor monarchs respond to the Reformation? What was the impact of the Reformation in England?	Why was trouble brewing in the leadership of England in 1640? What was 'new' about the New Model Army? From wives & mothers to nurses and spies Why execute the king? Did Oliver Cromwell bring more of the same?
Substantive concepts	Invasion, monarch, kingdom government, tax, battle	Conquest, military power, defence, social hierarchy, legacy, suppression, resistance	Empire, colony, trade, colonial power, industrialisation, wealth, suppression, arms, racism, rights, propaganda, commonwealth	Agriculture, peasant, land, pandemic, medicine, feudal power, law, poverty, harvest, wages	Dynasty, royal power, succession, crusade, queen, matriarch, crusade	Catholicism, Protestantism, Church, state, courts, law, reformation, dissolution, excommunication	Civil war, parliament, government, acts, puritanism, military, strategy, short-term causes, long-term causes, army, MPs
Scope	British 8 th -10 th Century	British Depth 11 th Century	Australian, European 16 th -19 th Century	12-15 th Century local study	British & French 12-15 th Century	European & Middle Eastern 12 th Century-16 th Century thematic study	British 17 th Century
Disciplinary knowledge focus	Change	Change and continuity	Consequence	Similarity & difference	Historical significance	Consequence	Causation